

## 1. TITLE OF THE CERTIFICATE

Naturbruksprogrammet, inriktning/område djurvård

## 2. TRANSLATED TITLE OF THE CERTIFICATE

Natural Resource Use Programme, orientation/vocation animal care

This translation has no legal status.

## 3. PROFILE OF SKILLS AND COMPETENCES

### The holder of this document has

- ability to work professionally with animals and to run animal establishments.
- knowledge of the behaviour and needs of animals, and human-animal interaction.
- knowledge of different energy forms, energy metabolism, the diversity of nature, and how different activities and businesses make use of and affect nature and biological processes.
- knowledge of work environment issues and the ability to work safely and ergonomically.
- ability to take initiatives and to solve problems in a responsible way.
- ability to evaluate work results with regard to quality, effectiveness and environmental thinking.
- ability to plan, carry out and assess the work process, with an understanding of business economy.
- ability to take up a definite position in ethical matters and to be able to put it into practice.
- ability to communicate and collaborate.

## 4. RANGE OF OCCUPATIONS ACCESSIBLE TO THE HOLDER OF THE CERTIFICATE

Professions or fields within animal care could include:

- animal keeping oriented towards animal health care
- animal husbandry worker oriented towards care of animals, for instance of dogs or
- animal husbandry worker in pet shops

The holder's vocation/area of expertise is stated in the certificate

**(\*) Explanatory note**

This document is designed to provide additional information about the specified certificate and does not have any legal status in itself. The format of the description is based on the following texts: Council Resolution 93/C 49/01 of 3 December 1992 on the transparency of qualifications, Council Resolution 96/C 224/04 of 15 July 1996 on the transparency of vocational training certificates, and Recommendation 2001/613/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 10 July 2001 on mobility within the Community for students, persons undergoing training, volunteers, teachers and trainers.

More information available at: <http://europass.cedefop.europa.eu>

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## 5. OFFICIAL BASIS OF THE CERTIFICATE

<p><b>Name and status of the body awarding the certificate</b> The certificate is issued by the Headmaster of the school where the pupil completed their education.</p>	<p><b>Name and legal status of the national/regional authority providing accreditation/recognition of the certificate</b> This education is regulated by the Swedish Parliament, the Swedish government and the Swedish National Agency for Education.</p>
<p><b>Level of the certificate (national or international)</b> Upper secondary school, ISCED 3. National Qualification Framework (SeQF) 4. European Qualification Framework (EQF) 4</p>	<p><b>Grading scale / Pass requirements</b> A, B, C, D, E and F  The highest grade is A, and the lowest grade is E. Non-passing grade is marked as F. The Diploma project is graded with grade E or F.</p>
<p><b>Access to next level of education or training within the field</b> This education can lead to continued studies at a higher vocational education college. This education can lead to continued studies at a university or university college.</p>	<p><b>International agreements</b> Agreement between Denmark, Finland, Iceland, Norway and Sweden about Nordic educational agreement at the upper secondary educational level (SÖ 2008:8).</p>
<p><b>Legal basis</b>  The Education Act (2010:800), the Upper Secondary School Ordinance (2010:2039), Ordinance of adult education (2011:1108), Ordinance on the diploma goals for the national upper secondary school programmes (SKOLFS 2010:14).</p>	

## 6. OFFICIALLY RECOGNISED WAYS OF ACQUIRING THE CERTIFICATE

A pupil can obtain upper secondary vocational diploma through studies at an upper secondary school or municipal adult education.

Within the upper secondary school vocational diploma is obtained either through a mainly school-based education or through apprenticeship. The length of the education is normally three years. The school-based education includes a work placement for at least 15 weeks. Workplace-based learning makes up more than half of the upper secondary apprenticeship education, starting from the beginning of any school year at the upper secondary school. During workplace-based learning, the pupil spends time in one or several workplaces in the professional field.

Within municipal adult education, a vocational diploma is obtained either through a mainly school-based education, through apprenticeship, distance education or a combination of different study forms. The education is course-based.

**Additional information**

More information on vocational education is available at [www.skolverket.se/fran-skola-till-arbetsliv](http://www.skolverket.se/fran-skola-till-arbetsliv)